Case 1:15-cv-00709-RGA Document 245 Filed 04/17/18 Page 1 of 46 PageID #: 17850

	1	PROCEEDINGS
	2	
09:56:32	3	(Proceedings commenced in the courtroom,
09:56:38	4	beginning at 11:04 a.m.)
10:03:23	5	
10:03:24	6	THE COURT: All right. Please be seated.
10:03:26	7	Good morning. This is Nox versus Natus, Civil
10:03:31	8	Action No. 15-709, the pretrial conference.
10:03:37	9	Ms. Palapura?
10:03:39	10	MS. PALAPURA: Good morning, Your Honor.
10:03:46	11	Bindu Palapura from Potter Anderson on behalf of plaintiff.
10:03:50	12	And with me today from Workman Nydegger is Chad Nydegger and
10:03:55	13	Brent Lorimer.
10:03:55	14	THE COURT: All right. Good morning to you
10:03:57	15	all.
10:03:58	16	And Mr. Connolly?
10:03:59	17	MR. CONNOLLY: Good morning, Your Honor. Arthur
10:04:02	18	Connolly for defendant Natus.
10:04:04	19	With me today are my co-counsel, Thomas
10:04:07	20	Reynolds, Alan Neigroski, Joseph Jacobi and Jeremy Adelson.
10:04:13	21	THE COURT: All right. Well, good morning to
10:04:15	22	you all, too.
10:04:15	23	All right. I have some things in the pretrial
10:04:21	24	order, which I will get to in a moment.
10:04:23	25	One thing I want to state first is for the

1 trial, you're going to need to provide a glossary of terms 10:04:30 2 and names to the court reporters on the morning of trial. 10:04:35 3 When playing depositions, provide the court reporters with 10:04:39 4 the designations highlighted before playing the videos. 10:04:42 5 provide the court reporter with a copy of each exhibit 10:04:46 6 notebook at the same time as it's provided to the witness. 10:04:49 7 Okay? All right. 10:04:53 8 So before we go through the things that I have 10:04:56 9 here, is there anything that you all think that I ought to 10:04:58 10 be doing first that you want to bring up? Otherwise, we'll 10:05:02 11 just start going through the pretrial order. 10:05:05 12 MR. NYDEGGER: Yes, Your Honor. We had a few 10:05:07 items to discuss and clarify. 13 10:05:12 14 THE COURT: Okay. 10:05:13 15 10:05:14 16 10:05:20 17 out on yesterday. 10:05:25

MR. NYDEGGER: Good morning, Your Honor. These have to do with the motions in limine that the orders came

> THE COURT: All right.

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MR. NYDEGGER: And the motion ruling on, or the order ruling on the motion in limine number one filed by Nox Medical, we did want to seek clarification about the core statement that the Nox RES alone could be used as a reference.

> THE COURT: Yes.

MR. NYDEGGER: The reason we --

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THE COURT: When I say "alone," I mean with the ordinary skilled artisan or whatever it is that they're using to round it out. Of course, I think they're also going to be doing the McIntire.

MR. NYDEGGER: Yes. They did have a specific combination. The reason we're seeking clarification was because the Court's rule on summary judgment that Nox RES does not anticipate.

THE COURT: That's true.

MR. NYDEGGER: And also that their witness is precluded from testifying that the Nox RES belt teaches the receiving hole, and so we want a clarification. It seems to be inconsistent.

THE COURT: Right. I think you got this right, which is, they can't say they anticipate. They can't say it's obvious because it anticipates. They have to abide by my ruling that it doesn't anticipate, but I assume, as I think I saw somewhere, they're going to try to fill in that gap by saying in so many words, it's obvious. Right?

MR. NYDEGGER: That's correct, yes. Yes.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. NYDEGGER: And then on that note, Your

Honor, there's no disclosure in the expert report of

modifying the receiving hole to meet the claims, just on its

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own in view of ordinary skill in the art. That's not disclosed at all anywhere in the expert report.

THE COURT: What do you have to say about that,
Mr. Reynolds?

MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, and I think that this will clear up not just the question that Mr. Nydegger has, but the question you asked us about some other disclosure, too.

We've all gone down a rode here that I think is misleading, and that is that these very specific permutations and combinations, that's not the way we're going to present this to the jury. I mean, that's not the way these things come into the case.

We have one argument, one single argument against claim 1. That is that the RES belt, which you found on summary judgment does not anticipate, and we're fine with that, we say, okay. There's an element missing from the RES belt, and that is that the receiving hole doesn't perform the fastening function. Remember that's what you found in the summary judgment.

Our argument is that the RES belt -- and

Hermannsson is the patent -- the RES belt is a commercial

embodiment of the Hermannsson patent. Hermannsson is a bad

word, of course, because, it is also the name of the

patent-in-suit, but we know what we're talking about here.

To the jury, we'll have to explain that.

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But the point is, we have a single prior art reference and we say exactly what you just said, that that reference discloses everything in claim 1 except one thing is missing. It doesn't know the fastening function. But jury, Your Honor, that's in spades in prior the art. One of ordinary skill in the prior art would know it. That's what this is. McIntire shows it, Harhen shows it. It's in spades. There's a million places we can that show it. That is the whole case. This is a one-day invalidity case on claim 1.

The only reason prior art has been swimming around in there and the only reason that these permutations and combinations have been laid out, A plus B, B plus A, is because there's other prior art that we at least are keeping there in case, we don't know what their validity position is. We think it's that one single missing element of claim 1 that the receiving hole does not do the fastening. But they are trying to keep alive every word of claim 1 and every detail of the dependent claims even though there's no independent basis of validity in those dependent claims, there's no argument that there is, but we didn't resolve all of that because we didn't, frankly, probably bring enough points in our summary judgment to try to clean up those other issues.

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I think the trial is a one-day validity case.

We make this argument to the jury. It's a single argument and it's about the receiving hole. But we've got a situation here, Your Honor, where normally, the patentee has to kick a field goal through a goalpost with two uprights, infringement and validity. They have to be broad enough that they snare the accused product but narrow enough to avoid invalidity. That's navigating -- what you see in the Federal Circuit rulings.

But here we have taken the one upright and they just have to kick a field goal, kick anywhere 20 yards to the right. They just have to find some word in claim 1 or some detail they're going to argue that's in a dependent claim that saves the validity. I don't think that's what this case should be about. It should be about one thing, and it should be a one-day trial, and that's the validity case.

So this is our case, Your Honor. It clears up I think the question you had, too. You had asked specifically about whether the IPR disclosed a particular combination with regard to claim 4 or 5. The answer is, yes, it did, and I could argue specifically why. That's our argument. I'm disclosing it to everybody. Clearly, that's what we plan to do with the jury. The jury doesn't look at this as specific analytical combinations of A plus B, A plus B plus

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C, A plus B plus C. That's where you get all of these arguments and permutations.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

MR. NYDEGGER: Your Honor, as Mr. Reynolds just said, the defendants, they are saying we have all of this prior art out there and we're going to argue all of it.

Well, we're entitled to know, especially at this stage, exactly what they're going to argue.

He says they're not --

THE COURT: Mr. Nydegger, he just told you what he's going to argue. That doesn't mean he can't bring in this other prior art to put it all in context. Part of what you are supposed to do in obviousness are the nature and scope of the prior art.

MR. NYDEGGER: Well, I still don't know. Are they arguing the RES belt would be modified by a PHOSITA? Would it be modified just by knowledge of a PHOSITA?

THE COURT: Apparently, the RES belt and the Hermannsson, or the patent. That's what he just said.

MR. NYDEGGER: That's your combination? I did not understand it.

MR. REYNOLDS: The RES belt and Hermannsson is kind of one disclosure of the same thing. Okay. They disclosed slightly different things. One you can touch and smell and feel, that's the thing. The patent has words. It

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discloses some things more and some things less than what you can touch and smell and feel.

We think it has 90 percent of what your claim 1 has, but then the other stuff is, the other thing, it's only one thing, does the receiving hole do the fastening function? That is what we found in summary judgment that is not anticipated, is not explicitly disclosed. A PHOSITA would have known that. That's obvious on what a PHOSITA knew, and whether the PHOSITA knew, they knew it was McIntire, they knew it was in Harhen. They knew it was in other locations.

I look at it as one argument. I understand that --

THE COURT: So maybe I misunderstand stood you,
Mr. Reynolds. The RES belt and the Hermannsson, that by
itself, if a PHOSITA was motivated to combine them, do they
make obvious all the claims or is there something else?

Now what I'm understanding you to say is the RES belt and Hermannsson are basically two sides of the same coin.

MR. REYNOLDS: They are, Your Honor. Based on your ruling, the RES belt and Hermannsson, we're not going to argue together they disclose everything. They disclose the 90 percent.

THE COURT: Okay. I misunderstood what you were

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saying.

All right. So the question is: The other ten percent, has your expert in his report disclosed it?

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. We believe in many, many ways. The issue is, Your Honor, is that if you break it out that the RES belt plus Hermannsson plus PHOSITA is one thing and the RES belt and Hermannsson and McIntire is another thing and this is another thing --

THE COURT: I get it. That's a plus sign there.

MR. REYNOLDS: That's what that is. I am just
saying --

THE COURT: All right. I thought not that was an equals.

MR. REYNOLDS: I'm sorry, Your Honor.

THE COURT: No. I get it now.

MR. REYNOLDS: A quick demonstrative at the eleventh hour here.

THE COURT: I get it.

MR. REYNOLDS: But that's our argument. I just wanted to sort of say to the Court and to opposing counsel here, we only have one argument. It's just we've all gone down this track of these analytical permutations and combinations. That's just not the way the case comes in I don't think. That's not the way we plan on doing it. If we were told by the Court that we have to stick to multiple

permutations, we'll do that, but that's the way I look at the case.

THE COURT: All right.

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MR. NYDEGGER: So, Your Honor, this illustrates my point exactly. So it's not just one argument. In fact, Mr. Reynolds just said, we're going to argue that a PHOSITA, he knew about, for example, Harhen, and so because that's part of his background knowledge that he knew about, well, it would have been obvious to modify the RES but with Hermannsson. But in the Court's motion in limine, the Court expressly ruled the combination of the Nox RES belt and Hermannsson is out, and yet they're going to try and back-door this through the PHOSITA by saying, well, that is part of his knowledge. And that's where we don't know what they are trying to argue and where the expert witness, does not say just based on the general knowledge of a PHOSITA, a person of skill in the art --

THE COURT: He's going to say also McIntire, which is a specific reference and I think, I'm quite sure that the RES belt and the McIntire, Hermannsson and McIntire, that's a combination that the defense can use. Right?

MR. NYDEGGER: We would argue that, yes, that is still in the case. The combination of the RES belt plus

McIntire or Hermannsson plus McIntire, those would still be

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available at trial. Those have not been excluded at this point. But once again, we're entitled to know which of these they're going to argue and they can't argue, back-door these through just the knowledge general of a PHOSITA, which is what Mr. Reynolds just said they plan to do.

And if I could hand Your Honor -- may I approach, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

(Mr. Nydegger handed a document to the Court.)

MR. NYDEGGER: So this, Your Honor, this -- it says "Joint Proposed." Ignore the "Joint" because this is not joint. This was an eleventh hour demonstrative I did this morning and used a prior draft of the joint proposed verdict form. And in Nox Medical's verdict form that they submitted originally, it had all the combinations, all the permutations from Natus' March 25th e-mail that indicated it would follow, or that they intended to present at trial.

Well, from that, we've taken out claims 6, 17 and 8, because in view of the Court's order yesterday, we're dropping those claims. And I will talk about the other claims that are still left here in a minute.

THE COURT: I see you've got three claims.

That's certainly within the bounds of reasonableness.

MR. NYDEGGER: And the Court mentioned two in its order, but we were going to ask the Court for three.

10:16:48	1	THE COURT: Well, in some ways it doesn't make
10:16:50	2	any difference, because claim 1, you could just say claim 5,
10:16:56	3	claim 9, you would get to the same point.
10:16:58	4	MR. NYDEGGER: Almost, Your Honor. It is
10:17:00	5	relevant when you come to secondary considerations and the
10:17:03	6	nexus issue.
10:17:04	7	THE COURT: All right. Fair enough.
10:17:05	8	MR. NYDEGGER: But really, as you know, for
10:17:08	9	validity, as far as showing where the elements are found in
10:17:11	10	the prior art, it does not make a difference.
10:17:13	11	When it comes to the nexus issue, it does, which
10:17:15	12	is why we would ask Your Honor that we be allowed the one
10:17:18	13	independent claim
10:17:19	14	THE COURT: Yes, yes. I'm all right with that,
10:17:21	15	because in effect, from my point of view, you've got two
10:17:26	16	claims.
10:17:28	17	MR. NYDEGGER: Okay.
10:17:28	18	THE COURT: I understand you have three, but
10:17:30	19	close enough.
10:17:30	20	MR. NYDEGGER: All right. Thank you, Your
10:17:31	21	Honor.
10:17:31	22	So what this shows is, this has all the
10:17:35	23	permutations for those three claims that were disclaimed in
10:17:38	24	Natus' March 25th e-mail. From that, the redline shows the
10:17:43	25	ones that are no longer available.

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And you can see that as far as claim 1 goes, based on their March 25th e-mail, there are still six permutations possibly available that they would argue. The Nox RES belt alone would be the one that the PHOSITA --

THE COURT: Mr. Reynolds is just saying, Gobron is not something that he's going to be arguing. It may be mentioned somewhere in the background, but not something he's arguing. Right?

MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, yes, that's right, but one of the things that -- two things. One is this verdict form, do you ever instruct -- do you ever put in your verdict form the specific combinations?

THE COURT: I haven't, but it's not a terrible idea, but I'm not deciding that right now.

MR. REYNOLDS: Okay, because that would change the way we would, of course, argue the case. We're not arguing specific combinations. We think the verdict form should say claim 1, yes or no, valid or invalid. Claim 5 or whatever you want to have, yes or no.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. REYNOLDS: My only point is that we, as we sit here today, this is the first time we've seen the pared down list. I don't know with claim 5 or 9, what additional limitation saves the validity of it over claim 1. I don't think there's anything that --

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THE COURT: All right. Well, in any event, we've spent enough time talking about this this morning because I don't have an unlimited amount of time.

> MR. REYNOLDS: Sure.

THE COURT: Is there some takeaway you need from this, Mr. Nydegger?

MR. NYDEGGER: Well, Your Honor, originally, we started talking about the Nox RES belt and whether that would be available given there's no disclosure to modify that belt alone just based on the knowledge of a PHOSITA, not with reference to any other specific prior art. And so that's where we originally started.

But this does lead me to the second point that I wanted to discuss with Your Honor, and whereas the Court has asked us to narrow our claims down to three, we would ask the Court to have opposing counsel narrow its obviousness contentions down to three, as it indicated it would at the last summary judgment hearing.

Well, see, from looking at things, THE COURT: it appears to me that other than this reference to Gobron, there certainly is no more than four right now.

Yes. Well, if Gobron is out, MR. NYDEGGER: that certainly helps. This morning is the first time we've heard that Gobron may be out.

THE COURT: When we're saying "out," I don't

1 understand that it won't be mentioned. I'm just 10:20:10 2 understanding that they won't be arguing, maybe they have a 10:20:12 3 different idea of how they're going to argue this than what 10:20:17 4 I usually see, but usually you argue to the jury some 10:20:19 5 specific combination against the background of whatever it 10:20:26 is that's out there, and. So I certainly understand them to 6 10:20:28 7 be saying that they're not going to say Gobron and Lawrence 10:20:33 or Gobron and Sommer. It seems completely inconsistent with 8 10:20:38 what Mr. Reynolds just said. 9 10:20:42 10 MR. REYNOLDS: That's correct, Your Honor. 10:20:46 11 THE COURT: So, in any event, at least in my own 10:20:48 12 mind I'm going to cross out Gobron, and I'm satisfied 10:21:00 otherwise, because the RES belt, Hermannsson are more or 13 10:21:05 14 less the same thing and that they've done enough narrowing 10:21:12 15 here. All right? 10:21:15 16 MR. NYDEGGER: Okay. 10:21:16 17 THE COURT: Do you have anything else? 10:21:16 18 MR. NYDEGGER: Yes, Your Honor. My colleague, 10:21:17 19 Mr. Lorimer, was just going to address one or two small 10:21:19 20 matters. 10:21:24

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THE COURT: All right. Mr. Lorimer, you have the important small matters.

MR. LORIMER: Perfectly suited to my abilities, Your Honor.

The first one again is a clarification of one of

the Court's orders on the motions in limine.

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The Court ruled that the IPR materials are out, that they are not going to come in at all, and we understand that. Sort of the other side of that coin is that in Dr. Williams', Dr. Williams report, he makes a number of references to what the Examiner found or how he characterized particular references.

It seems to me they're all employees of the Patent and Trademark Office. We're not doing claim construction. We're not doing doctrine of equivalents or prosecution history estoppel. So we don't want the jury to be misled by having the defendant say, look, this is what the Examiner found, this is what the Examiner said, this piece of art teaches, so in fairness, it ought to be sauce for the goose and sauce for the gander.

THE COURT: Well, when you are talking about the Examiner, you're talking about the original prosecution.

Right?

MR. LORIMER: I am, but he's not a PHOSITA. I don't want the jury believing just because he said it, it's true.

THE COURT: You know, I guess that's something we'll have to deal with at trial, but it strikes me that if what the Examiner is doing is not claim construction, which, of course, then we don't count that, but it strikes me that

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if he is a person of ordinary skill in the art, my understanding is that, generally speaking, patent examiners are people of ordinary skill in the art, but I don't know what the person of ordinary skill in the art here is.

MR. LORIMER: We certainly don't know what this examiner's background was.

THE COURT: Isn't the standard of ordinary skill in the art pretty low for this?

MR. LORIMER: We have define amongst us, we've agreed what that level of skill is.

THE COURT: AND what is it?

MR. LORIMER: It is either somebody with an advances degree and less experience, or lesser degree and more experience in the field of engineering, electrical engineering or medical devices. And we have no idea what this examiner's background is. We can't, we can't know. Wе can't depose him.

THE COURT: No, no, I understand that. Well, I will think about that. right.

What else?

MR. LORIMER: The only other thing is, Your Honor, at the last hearing we were very short on time and the Court was not feeling well, and we didn't hear the inequitable conduct motion for summary judgment, and we're curious whether the Court would like to hear that

10:23:58	1	today.
10:23:58	2	THE COURT: No. I don't want to hear that
10:24:00	3	today.
10:24:01	4	MR. LORIMER: All right.
10:24:02	5	THE COURT: My plan is, we'll just try that
10:24:04	6	after we finish with the other trial.
10:24:07	7	MR. LORIMER: And in that regard, Your Honor,
10:24:09	8	this trial is set to go from Monday to Wednesday, I think.
10:24:12	9	THE COURT: Yes.
10:24:13	10	MR. LORIMER: The 30th to the 2nd. So is the
10:24:16	11	intent that we would start inequitable conduct on the
10:24:18	12	morning of Thursday?
10:24:19	13	THE COURT: Is that something you can do?
10:24:23	14	Actually, we are going to talk in a minute about how long
10:24:30	15	so I don't recall seeing anything.
10:24:32	16	How much time do we need for this inequitable
10:24:35	17	conduct trial?
10:24:36	18	MR. LORIMER: We don't think very long at all.
10:24:39	19	I wouldn't speak for Mr. Reynolds, however.
10:24:43	20	THE COURT: Do you have
10:24:44	21	MR. REYNOLDS: We've been assuming it's one day,
10:24:46	22	Thursday.
10:24:46	23	THE COURT: All right. Well, so, yes. So we
10:24:50	24	should just plan that we'll do that at the end of the other
10:24:53	25	trial. And, in fact, you should really plan that once the

10:25:01	1	jury starts to deliberate on the first thing, we'll just
10:25:05	2	start the inequitable conduct since we'll all be hanging
10:25:08	3	around anyhow. Okay?
10:25:10	4	MR. LORIMER: Very well.
10:25:11	5	THE COURT: So that brings up a question of how
10:25:16	6	long do you all think you need to try the case? And by that
10:25:22	7	I mean, the way I count things, which is I give each side a
10:25:26	8	certain amount of time, and for that time, that covers your
10:25:29	9	opening statement, your direct exam, and your cross exam.
10:25:33	10	It does not cover closing arguments.
10:25:36	11	MR. LORIMER: Your Honor, we have we believe
10:25:40	12	it can do it in the three days the Court has allotted, but
10:25:43	13	not less than that.
10:25:44	14	We're going to be pushing it to get
10:25:45	15	THE COURT: Yes. I wasn't really and,
10:25:46	16	Mr. Reynolds, I take it from what you've said, that you
10:25:48	17	think likewise?
10:25:49	18	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. I think three days is fine.
10:25:52	19	It somewhat depends on the what the counter to our
10:25:54	20	invalidity case is. Yes, we can make it happen.
10:25:56	21	THE COURT: Okay. So in terms of hours, seven
10:26:08	22	hours a side?
10:26:11	23	MR. LORIMER: Well, Your Honor, it depends on,
10:26:12	24	of course, how long it takes us to pick the jury.
10:26:15	25	THE COURT: No, the jury, that's on me.

10:26:17	1	MR. LORIMER: Oh, that's on you?
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10:26:18	۷	THE COURT: Yes. If it takes for four days, you
10:26:22	3	still get seven hours a side. I will tell you how long it's
10:26:24	4	actually going to take. It's going to take an
10:26:27	5	hour-and-a-half.
10:26:28	6	MR. LORIMER: Okay.
10:26:28	7	THE COURT: But you don't have to worry about
10:26:30	8	that.
10:26:30	9	MR. LORIMER: Okay. Okay. Well, we were under
10:26:32	10	the belief that the Court's trial days are about six hours,
10:26:35	11	five-and-a-half, six hours a day?
10:26:38	12	THE COURT: Six, yes.
10:26:39	13	MR. LORIMER: Six hours. And so we were
10:26:40	14	thinking that if we divide that in two, that's nine hours
10:26:44	15	each.
10:26:45	16	THE COURT: Yes. That's not a three-day trial
10:26:46	17	though, because the jury doesn't get picked like that.
10:26:50	18	MR. LORIMER: Fair enough. Fair enough. We
10:26:53	19	were thinking more like eight hours, Your Honor.
10:26:55	20	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Reynolds?
10:26:57	21	MR. REYNOLDS: Seven or eight is fine with us.
10:27:00	22	THE COURT: All right. Well, I will tell you
10:27:02	23	what. I will go with seven-and-a-half. And the thinking
10:27:05	24	there is based on prior experience, the 18 hours that are in
10:27:11	25	Monday through Wednesday, I say it will take an

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hour-and-a-half to pick the jury, and I think that's probably a very close estimate, but I've got opening instructions to give and that takes some time.

Do you all want to play the patent video or not?

MR. LORIMER: Your Honor, we've spoken about that just this morning, and we would prefer to do the patent video. It's short. It's fair. It's even-handed.

THE COURT: All right. What about you?

MR. REYNOLDS: We have to review it, Your Honor.

I've seen the 1985 one or whatever, so I want to see the new one, just take a look at that. We just got that raised to us this morning.

THE COURT: All right. Why don't you think about it. My preference would be to play it because it does give them an overview of the system. The only thing that I'm sure Ms. Palapura and Mr. Connolly know is, that when we do play the modern version, the part where Judge Fogel says "I'm a United States District Judge" has to be edited out. It's fine if he says he's the Administrative Officer of the Courts, or whatever his other title is. We once had a jury thinking he was the one that was instructing them as opposed to the person in the black robe here.

But that would be my preference. But if you don't want to do it, let me know. I'm not wedded to it.

Okay?

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But I think -- and that doesn't count against your time either, but it does take up some time. That's the reason why I think seven-and-a-half hours is the right number.

MR. LORIMER: On that issue, Your Honor, as part of the pretrial order, we have looked at the juror questionnaire that the Court submitted in the Wilmington Trust case.

THE COURT: Yes, which is bad to go by, because that was in person at the court. It wasn't mailed out. And so I don't mail out questionnaires telling them who the parties are because then the person will Google the parties, and all of a sudden I've got a whole bunch of disqualified jurors.

So I think actually, it will be just as efficient and we'll have the benefit that you get to see the people speak when they give their answers to just do the basic questionnaires that I, or the basic in-court questionnaire, questioning that I normally do. When I have sent out things in advance in patent cases, it has been a maximum of two pages, and it basically it is just the same questions, the same general material you get in court while creating a lot of paper.

I did notice that there was some request that if

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I didn't send out the questionnaire, that I add four questions from the proposed questionnaire. One of them had to do with, have you served on a jury trial before, civil jury trial. I will include that question. The other three, I won't.

MR. LORIMER: Okay.

THE COURT: All right?

MR. LORIMER: Those are my small things, Your Honor.

MR. REYNOLDS: On the matter of preliminary jury instructions and the video, we'll propose that we will work together. We're trying to work together to have a single preliminary jury instruction document.

THE COURT: Well, that would be good.

MR. REYNOLDS: And I think it's April 20th, you asked for a letter, the 18th. Okay. The 18th. You asked for a letter from us and we will advise as to where we are on that. I assume that we'll be able to agree on the video and/or the preliminary jury instructions.

THE COURT: Yes. I actually wrote on here, parties had submitted two versions.

MR. REYNOLDS: Right.

THE COURT: I require -- and the preliminary jury instructions is a lot closer obviously than the final jury instructions, but I do require you to submit one

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document so I don't have to sit there comparing pages,
trying to figure out what it is you're actually disagreeing
about.

The other thing I would suggest is, the more disagreements I see, the more I just pick the one that I did in the last jury trial and use it again, just plugging in the two paragraphs where you describe what your dispute is. I mean, that's the most significant thing you can do for me in preliminary jury instructions, is figure out the way to characterize for the jury what it is they're about to see, because you know your case a lot better than I do.

But, in any event, if you can submit something --

MR. LORIMER: We're happy to do that.

THE COURT: That would be good.

MR. REYNOLDS: Thank you.

THE COURT: For what it's worth, the proposed verdict form and the proposed final jury instructions, I basically don't pay them any attention until we start the trial, and the way that I'm envisioning this happening is, the testimony would take us through Wednesday. The jury would be charged on Thursday morning and closing arguments would be on Thursday morning. And so we'd have a prayer conference perhaps Tuesday, after the testimony on Tuesday. I mean, it depends how much is actually in disagreement,

10:32:17	1	which when you submit something in one document, I will have
10:32:23	2	a much better idea. Okay?
10:32:24	3	MR. LORIMER: Great.
10:32:25	4	THE COURT: Anything else that you all want to
10:32:27	5	discuss?
10:32:28	6	MR. LORIMER: No. I'm assuming given the
10:32:31	7	Court's comments that we are not going to be bumped by
10:32:35	8	the current proceedings, that we're going to go forward
10:32:38	9	on
10:32:39	10	THE COURT: You know, it's hard to say. I'm
10:32:41	11	thinking that they will resolve by that time, but I don't
10:32:46	12	know.
10:32:47	13	I also have another trial, another civil trial
10:32:50	14	scheduled the same day. I've got to keep these balls up in
10:32:56	15	the air and see what is still left.
10:32:58	16	MR. LORIMER: So the Court will obviously inform
10:33:00	17	us at some point that we need to be here on that day, I
10:33:04	18	assume.
10:33:05	19	THE COURT: Well, right now you should operate
10:33:08	20	on the principle you need to be here that day.
10:33:11	21	MR. LORIMER: I'm sorry: You're correct.
10:33:13	22	THE COURT: Yes, yes. I know what you meant to
10:33:16	23	say. No problem.
10:33:17	24	Is there anything in particular you want to
10:33:18	25	bring up, Mr. Reynolds?
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MR. REYNOLDS: No Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me just go through. In the pretrial order -- oh, there was a dispute as to whether these products should be called the infringing products or the accused products. To the extent you have to call them one or the other, call them the accused products, because until we figure out whether the patent is valid or not, they're not infringing.

I'm going to have to tell them, and, in fact,
I'm not entirely sure how I'm going to do this, but I'm
certainly going to have to -- in fact, this is something
else you could work on. You have not actually figured out
how it is I'm going to tell the jury it's agreed that the
products meet the claims of the patent, have you?

MR. LORIMER: We were just planning on using the language of the Court's order that said the parties have agreed that they infringe. That's what it says.

THE COURT: And that was the court order that I actually wrote like two years ago. Right?

MR. NYDEGGER: Actually, Your Honor, that was a stipulated order that the Court just signed. It was drafted by defendants.

THE COURT: Oh, okay. All right.

Mr. Reynolds, what do you have to say about that?

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MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, I'm trying to remember if we have something in either the final jury instructions or -- yes, we're fine with that. In C-35 on page 10, it says Natus has stipulated that its products, parts number. And we did have the word "infringe" in there, but then we don't want to have the drumbeat of infringing products. That's why we had that slash in there. Yes, you've got the issue.

THE COURT: All right. Well, so if I use basically the wording that's in paragraph 35, and I suggest that you might even want to put it in the preliminary jury instructions -- I mean, I think I ought to tell them that before you start doing opening statements.

MR. REYNOLDS: I'm sorry, Your Honor, yes. If you talk to the jury either in preliminary jury instructions or in final, that's why I wonder if we have that, I think our language was like stipulate that the claims cover the product or something like that. We had some language that was not this. Right?

THE COURT: Well, so I will tell you what. You all talk to each other about it. I've had disputes on this before, this kind of thing.

So it would be best if you had some proposal that told me exactly what it is you want me to tell the jury. I think it is required as a -- I think it should be

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in the opening statement to orient them, particularly if we're going to be playing the patent video which, after all, needs to be part of it, about the boundaries and infringement, which I think they ought to have the understanding of what it is we're talking about, but then I think also, as a stipulation of fact, which could be paragraph 35, it ought to actually be presented to the jury.

MR. REYNOLDS: Okay. But you want it in both the preliminary jury instructions and the final.

talk to each other and working on the preliminary jury instructions, see whether you agree on that. But it seems to me to just make sense, because it would be kind of odd I instruct the jury, here are the issues in the case. Part of that is, I would think that I'm going to instruct them, infringement is not an issue, because --

MR. REYNOLDS: Okay. Well, we'll work on that, Your Honor. We knew it was going to be potentially an issue for final jury instructions, but as we are working towards the submissions to you next week, we will see if we can put it in both sides.

THE COURT: All right. Nevertheless, I would think during the trial, the normal way to refer to the product is going to be the belt.

10:37:57	1	MR. LORIMER: Yes. The Natus belt or something
10:38:01	2	like that. We're happy with that.
10:38:03	3	MR. REYNOLDS: Fine.
10:38:04	4	THE COURT: All right. So there's talk on pages
10:38:09	5	15, 16 pages 15 and 16 in paragraphs 55, 56 and 57, which
10:38:17	6	I think have to do I think these are all stipulations. I
10:38:26	7	don't know what they are, actually, but, in any event, one
10:38:30	8	thing I couldn't tell from the objections of Nox is whether
10:38:35	9	these patents are referred to in your expert reports, this
10:38:39	10	being the Archer patent, the Caldecott reference and the
10:38:43	11	Takeda reference.
10:38:46	12	MR. REYNOLDS: You said Nox. Did you ask if
10:38:48	13	it's in
10:38:49	14	THE COURT: Well, Nox is the one who is
10:38:51	15	objecting. They say, you did not identify these patents as
10:38:55	16	a basis for finding obviousness. I can't tell
10:38:59	17	MR. REYNOLDS: They are all in the expert
10:39:00	18	report.
10:39:01	19	THE COURT: All right. So they're just part of
10:39:02	20	the background?
10:39:03	21	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.
10:39:04	22	MR. NYDEGGER: They are in the expert report.
10:39:09	23	As we've discussed already, they're not part of the
10:39:11	24	obviousness combinations or anything that they're asserting.
10:39:14	25	THE COURT: Okay.

10:39:14 1 MR. NYDEGGER: And so if they're not relying on them, we don't think they should be in the case.

10:39:18 3 THE COURT: No. They'll decide what is

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THE COURT: No. They'll decide what is redundant in terms of the background, but I'm certainly not going to say that in the first instance they can't decide what background information they want to present. I mean, it's in their expert report, so I'm going to let them do it.

MR. NYDEGGER: All right. Your Honor, my only concern is, and I mentioned this before, is that we believe that there has to be some kind of a separation between the background knowledge of a person of skill in the art and reliance on a reference. I mean, they should not be allowed to say, for example, the Takeda reference, that Takeda teaches element X, and so that's in the background knowledge of a PHOSITA, and then argue that, oh, well, a PHOSITA knew this, and so would have modified it to have it, because that's the same thing as arguing that the combination of Takeda.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I can't rule on hypothetical situations. I'm certainly going to -normally, a way to do this, and I'm not telling the defendant that's the way they have to do it -- normally, the expert spends some time talking about the development in the field so that the jury has kind of a perspective on this.

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They lead up to whatever their lead references are, which I take it are the belt and McIntire, and then the expert does motive to combine and reasonable expectation of success, and voila, you have your case.

MR. NYDEGGER: And if it's just used for purposes of general background, then we have no objection, but, once again, if they plan to argue that a PHOSITA, if they're going to try and pull specific elements from the general background, that's where we have an issue.

THE COURT: Yes. I mean, it seems like it's not going to be very necessary because they are saying the elements are elsewhere. But some things you have to object to at trial.

MR. NYDEGGER: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. So the list of witnesses to be called, this is page 21 and 22. I counted ten people on the live, the will call live witnesses. Actually, I guess it's may call even on that.

But so just to go over them, Oslan is the plaintiff's technical expert. Cragun is the plaintiff's damages expert.

On the defense side, Williams is the technical expert and Bero is the damages expert. Right?

MR. REYNOLDS: That's right.

THE COURT: Okay. So then we also have Terrence

10:42:11	1	Murphy, Peter Halldorsson, Sveinbjorn Hoskuldsson and Austin
10:42:18	2	Noll. I take it, I can't remember now. Either Hoskuldsson
10:42:23	3	or Halldorsson, one of them is the co-inventor. Right?
10:42:26	4	MR. NYDEGGER: Well, those are, those two
10:42:28	5	together are the co-inventors.
10:42:29	6	THE COURT: Oh, I thought you had earlier
10:42:31	7	represented that one of those two would not be appearing
10:42:35	8	live.
10:42:35	9	MR. NYDEGGER: Oh, I'm sorry, Your Honor. We
10:42:37	10	have Hoskuldsson, Hermannsson and Halldorsson. Halldorsson,
10:42:42	11	Peter Halldorsson, he is a company representative.
10:42:46	12	Sveinbjorn Hoskuldsson, he is a co-inventor.
10:42:50	13	THE COURT: Okay. All right. So who is Austin
10:42:58	14	Noll?
10:42:59	15	MR. NYDEGGER: Austin Noll was the 30(b)(6)
10:43:02	16	representative of Natus on discovery.
10:43:07	17	THE COURT: So I take it Austin Noll is not
10:43:09	18	actually going to be here live? He's on videotape saying
10:43:13	19	whatever it is he says?
10:43:14	20	MR. NYDEGGER: At least, at least he'll be
10:43:16	21	presented by deposition. If he's here, we will call him
10:43:20	22	live. We can't force him to come here, but if he's here, we
10:43:24	23	will call him.
10:43:24	24	THE COURT: When is it that you expect to get
10:43:26	25	out of calling him live?

10:43:30	1	MR. NYDEGGER: Well, more or less, the same
10:43:32	2	things that we got out of him when we deposed him, only we
10:43:36	3	think it's a little more engaging and dynamic for the jury
10:43:39	4	to pay attention and understand.
10:43:40	5	THE COURT: Do you expect him to be here?
10:43:41	6	MR. REYNOLDS: He won't be here, Your Honor.
10:43:43	7	THE COURT: All right. Well, there's a
10:43:44	8	representation, so you can make sure you have your videotape
10:43:47	9	lined up, and that's one less witness.
10:43:49	10	MR. NYDEGGER: Thank you.
10:43:50	11	THE COURT: So who is Terrence Murphy?
10:43:52	12	MR. NYDEGGER: Terrence Murphy is a former
10:43:55	13	employee of Natus.
10:43:56	14	THE COURT: Oh, he is the one with the willful
10:43:59	15	e-mail, knock off, that guy?
10:44:03	16	MR. NYDEGGER: That's the guy.
10:44:03	17	THE COURT: Okay. And he's going to be here
10:44:05	18	live?
10:44:05	19	MR. NYDEGGER: We understand that he is, Your
10:44:07	20	Honor.
10:44:07	21	THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Jacobi, you're standing
10:44:13	22	up for a reason?
10:44:14	23	MR. JACOBI: I just like to stand up once in
10:44:16	24	awhile.
10:44:16	25	THE COURT: That's all right. If anybody has

1 back problems, feel free to stand up as needed. 10:44:18 2 MR. JACOBI: I was just going to confirm to the 10:44:21 3 Court that Mr. Murphy will be here live. 10:44:23 4 THE COURT: Okay. All right. All right. 10:44:25 5 then on the defendant's list, there's also Anthony Ferrelli. 10:44:30 Who is he? 6 10:44:35 7 MR. JACOBI: Mr. Ferrelli is in charge -- he 10:44:37 actually replaced Terrence Murphy when Terrence Murphy 8 10:44:40 9 He was in charge of marketing from the time that 10:44:44 10 the belt was released and is a representative of Natus, so 10:44:49 he will be here live. 11 10:44:53 THE COURT: Okay. And he's going to testify 12 10:44:54 13 about the marketing of your product? 10:45:00 14 MR. JACOBI: His testimony will bear on 10:45:04 marketing of the product insofar as that affects damages, 15 10:45:06 and also just to provide the jury a basic outline. 16 10:45:09 17 THE COURT: All right. Who is Sterling Filmore? 10:45:13 18 MR. JACOBI: Mr. Filmore has not been deposed. 10:45:15 19 He's identified on our 26(a) one disclosures as a 10:45:17 20 representative of the law firm who was responsible for the 10:45:20 21 prosecution of the patent-in-suit, and his testimony bears 10:45:25 on the issues involved in inequitable conduct. 10:45:28 22 23 And we understand from defendant's counsel --10:45:32 24 plaintiff's counsel that he is not available and will not be 10:45:34 25 attending, but --10:45:36

10:45:39	1	THE COURT: Okay.
10:45:40	2	MR. JACOBI: He's listed at this point.
10:45:45	3	THE COURT: All right. I take it he's probably
10:45:47	4	based in Utah?
10:45:48	5	MR. NYDEGGER: Yes, Your Honor.
10:45:49	6	THE COURT: All right. Okay. So, in any event,
10:45:53	7	plaintiff has represented he's not going to be attending and
10:45:59	8	certainly would be shocked if he decided to show up here on
10:46:01	9	vacation.
10:46:02	10	All right. So we're down to eight witnesses,
10:46:04	11	max, or eight live witnesses.
10:46:07	12	MR. JACOBI: Your Honor, could I just further
10:46:09	13	elaborate on the identification of Mr. Filmore?
10:46:12	14	Mr. Filmore is not counsel of record for the
10:46:15	15	prosecution. The entire law firm is including Mr. Nydegger
10:46:21	16	and several other people. And to the extent that they have
10:46:24	17	knowledge about some of the issues that have come up in the
10:46:28	18	inequitable conduct claim, we believe it's germane to those
10:46:33	19	issues and their testimony would be valuable to the Court in
10:46:36	20	deciding that issue.
10:46:39	21	THE COURT: Well, time to find out if Mr.
10:46:42	22	Filmore, or to try to find out I guess I'm not sure.
10:46:45	23	What is your point, Mr. Jacobi?
10:46:47	24	MR. JACOBI: That the issues, the issues
10:46:50	25	specifically here are in September or before the patent

10:46:52	1	issued, Workman Nydegger took over the prosecution of the
10:46:56	2	patent. They never did anything to address
10:46:58	3	THE COURT: No. What is it you're telling me?
10:47:01	4	That I should be issuing a subpoena for Mr. Filmore to show
10:47:04	5	up and show whether he knows whether or not Utah is within a
10:47:09	6	hundred miles of Delaware or what?
10:47:10	7	MR. JACOBI: It doesn't need to be Mr. Filmore
10:47:13	8	because it isn't Mr. Filmore who is solely the attorney.
10:47:16	9	It's Workman Nydegger.
10:47:18	10	This is all outside the jury's
10:47:20	11	THE COURT: Yes. So I am not going to let you
10:47:23	12	call the law firm representative on the other side if that's
10:47:25	13	what you are asking me to do.
10:47:28	14	MR. JACOBI: All right. That's fine, Your
10:47:29	15	Honor.
10:47:29	16	THE COURT: All right.
10:47:33	17	MR. LORIMER: Well, I agree completely, so I
10:47:35	18	will sit down.
10:47:36	19	THE COURT: All right. All right. Yes. And
10:47:45	20	this is a minor thing. The pretrial order says at page 26,
10:47:52	21	each trial day will begin at 9:00 a.m., which is correct for
10:47:55	22	the lawyers, but we don't actually get the jury started
10:47:58	23	until 9:30. 9:00 a.m. is for you to interact with me on
10:48:03	24	whatever your disputes are.
10:48:05	25	On page 27, the order of presentation of

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evidence, paragraph 5, closing arguments, Nox Medical first followed by Natus followed by Nox Medical's rebuttal.

Nox understands you're going to be making your, not only your willfulness and damages, but your also nonobvious arguments as part of your main closing argument?

MR. NYDEGGER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So the chances of you getting

any rebuttal are just about nil.

MR. NYDEGGER: Duly noted. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. So page 28, paragraph 122. I dealt with the voir dire examination.

Paragraph 128 on page 29, you say persons not entitled to have access to confidential or confidential attorneys' eyes only information shall be excluded from the courtroom at the request of any parties subsequent to the Court's approval during the presentation of any evidence designated confidential, confidential attorneys' eyes only, or any testimony reasonably anticipated with such information.

If you work out some agreement between yourselves as to what you are doing, that's fine. Don't expect me to be excluding anybody from the courtroom. Okay? All right.

So let's see. I have something else tabbed

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here. What is this? Okay. So actually, that's all I've got. Let me check my other list here.

So I take it that you're not anticipating any witness scheduling problems?

MR. NYDEGGER: No, Your Honor. We're not.

Actually, Your Honor, one real quick clarification. The exclusionary rule for the witnesses will still apply, we assume?

THE COURT: Yes, yes.

MR. NYDEGGER: Okay.

THE COURT: Sorry. Sequestration. You each get a representative. The experts can sit in, but to the extent you have fact witnesses, they are sequestered.

MR. NYDEGGER: All right. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Nydegger.

All right. And so I also saw defendants have filed a motion to stay, which I take it is based on your belief that the PTAB got their analysis wrong. Unless both sides agree to stay the case, I'm not going to stay the case.

MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, to be completely fair about it, you know, we wanted to put that in front of you because it's not just that. It also that we stopped making the product. We wanted to give the option. We're somewhat

10:51:15	1	ambivalent. We want to give the option to save the cost and
10:51:18	2	the jury and all of that now. That's fine. If you are
10:51:21	3	denying it, we can save them the response if they are not
10:51:25	4	going to join in the motion.
10:51:27	5	MR. NYDEGGER: We do not join the motion, Your
10:51:28	6	Honor.
10:51:28	7	THE COURT: All right.
10:51:29	8	MR. NYDEGGER: So, Your Honor, do we not need to
10:51:31	9	worry about responding?
10:51:32	10	THE COURT: Yes. Yes. I will just enter an
10:51:34	11	order denying it.
10:51:35	12	MR. NYDEGGER: Thank you.
10:51:38	13	MR. REYNOLDS: Your Honor, if you want, I could
10:51:39	14	put on the record that we withdraw the motion.
10:51:41	15	THE COURT: Okay.
10:51:42	16	MR. REYNOLDS: Sure.
10:51:43	17	THE COURT: That is even better.
10:51:44	18	MR. REYNOLDS: I mean, just to make it easy in
10:51:46	19	light of the Court's comments and what the point of that
10:51:47	20	motion was, we're happy to withdraw the motion on the
10:51:50	21	record.
10:51:50	22	THE COURT: All right. Okay. The motion is
10:51:51	23	withdrawn.
10:51:54	24	All right. Is there anything else? That's
10:52:00	25	MR. NYDEGGER: Your Honor, nothing else from Nox

10:52:02	1	Medical.
10:52:02	2	MR. REYNOLDS: We have two little housekeeping
10:52:03	3	things.
10:52:04	4	One is, do you have a page limit you want for
10:52:06	5	the briefing you requested by next Friday?
10:52:08	6	THE COURT: No. I thought it was something that
10:52:11	7	would not require so many pages that you would outrage me by
10:52:14	8	submitting something that was too long.
10:52:16	9	MR. REYNOLDS: Right. We think it's a page or
10:52:18	10	two.
10:52:19	11	THE COURT: Okay. Well, you don't need to make
10:52:22	12	it five just to impress me.
10:52:25	13	MR. REYNOLDS: Okay.
10:52:27	14	THE COURT: But if that's it, I thought it was
10:52:29	15	not terribly long, so I was going to leave it to your own
10:52:33	16	good judgment.
10:52:34	17	MR. REYNOLDS: Okay. Sure.
10:52:35	18	And the second thing was, Alan, you had one
10:52:37	19	thing.
10:52:38	20	MR. NICGORSKI: Yes. Just a clarification,
10:52:39	21	because there are some witnesses who may be for instance,
10:52:42	22	Mr. Murphy they have on their list.
10:52:44	23	Does Your Honor have a preference in terms of,
10:52:48	24	you know, one time on, one time off?
10:52:50	25	THE COURT: I do, yes. Thank you for bringing

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that up. Yes. My preference is if at all possible, just put them on the stand once. I understand for the technical experts, that's not possible.

Is your technical expert going to testify in your case-in-chief?

MR. NYDEGGER: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Oh, all right. Well, so you mentioned something about secondary consideration. Are there any secondary considerations coming from anybody other than the technical expert?

MR. NYDEGGER: Yes, Your Honor. Also our damages expert. Secondary consideration of commercial success.

THE COURT: Okay. Presumably, the damages person, I'm not going to make you put on the commercial -- wait. I guess the burden is on you.

Maybe it would make sense since commercial success is presumably tied up with the damages to do that all at once?

MR. NYDEGGER: We would be fine with that. And just to clarify, Your Honor, when I responded to the question, I was thinking about people who will actually talk about, this is a secondary consideration type thing. Of course, there are facts in the case about secondary considerations.

10:54:12	1	THE COURT: Right. Right.
10:54:13	2	MR. NYDEGGER: Long-felt need, but those will
10.34.13		
10:54:14	3	come out from the fact witnesses when they're originally
10:54:17	4	on.
10:54:17	5	THE COURT: All right. Okay.
10:54:20	6	MR. NICGORSKI: My thought, it was more like a
10:54:22	7	person like Mr. Murphy, you know, dealing with scope
10:54:26	8	objections or just get them done.
10:54:28	9	THE COURT: No.
10:54:29	10	MR. NICGORSKI: Okay.
10:54:30	11	THE COURT: As you go, do what you need to do.
10:54:33	12	MR. NICGORSKI: Clock method.
10:54:35	13	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
10:54:38	14	MR. NICGORSKI: Sort of with the way time is
10:54:40	15	kept, it probably makes sense.
10:54:41	16	THE COURT: It probably does.
10:54:42	17	MR. NYDEGGER: Your Honor, we would ask for one
10:54:44	18	exception to that, and that's with regard to witnesses that
10:54:46	19	may have evidence concerning the inequitable conduct.
10:54:48	20	THE COURT: Right. They're different.
10:54:50	21	MR. NYDEGGER: They're different?
10:54:51	22	THE COURT: Inequitable conduct is not going to
10:54:53	23	occur in front of the jury.
10:54:54	24	MR. NYDEGGER: Okay. I just wanted to make sure
10:54:55	25	that was clear. Thank you.

1	THE COURT: Okay.
	-
2	MR. NYDEGGER: Sorry. I keep getting up when I
3	think I'm done.
4	On the briefing issue that Mr. Reynolds brought
5	up, that raises one briefing issue on our end.
6	The Court has asked the defendants to submit a
7	letter to the, Court and we would just ask that we have an
8	opportunity to respond if we feel one is necessary. We
9	don't know whether one would be or not.
10	THE COURT: That was on the disclosure. Right?
11	That's what we're talking about?
12	MR. NYDEGGER: Motivations to combine, yes.
13	THE COURT: Sure. When did I tell them?
14	Tuesday or Wednesday?
15	MR. NYDEGGER: One of those.
16	MR. REYNOLDS: The 18th, I believe.
17	THE COURT: All right. Yes, if you want to
18	respond, if there's something you need to respond two days
19	later, it's not as though I'm going to do something in the
20	interim.
21	MR. NYDEGGER: Okay. Thank you.
22	THE COURT: All right. So I will sign an order
23	adopting your proposed pretrial order, which basically is
24	modified by whatever we've discussed here today.
25	And I've got something else I've got to do at
	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

soon, so unless there's anything else, I will see you down 1 10:55:57 2 the road. 10:56:04 3 And I would just ask the local counsel, Delaware 10:56:05 counsel, to monitor my criminal trial. Okay? If it starts 4 10:56:09 5 to be obvious that the criminal trial is not going to end 10:56:18 6 in time, you should be able to figure that out from 10:56:20 7 something. 10:56:25 8 Okay? All right. We'll be in recess. 10:56:26 (Counsel respond, "Thank you, Your Honor.") 9 10:56:39 10 (Hearing concluded at 11:58 a.m.) 10:56:42 10:56:42 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25